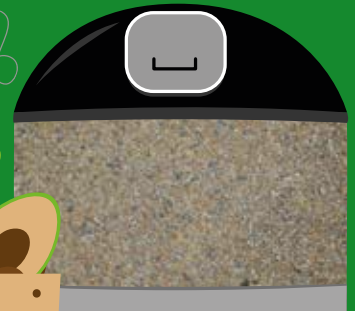


# GUIDE

## to the new arrangements for sorting and managing your rubbish

In the Pays de Duras



In the Pays de Duras,

# WE ARE SURPASSING EXPECTATIONS!



Madame, Monsieur,

Reducing waste is an essential issue, both from an environmental and economic point of view. Our production of non-recyclable waste represents a considerable cost to the community and the planet!

The Pays de Duras is committed to enabling everyone to reduce the volume of household waste. From January 1<sup>st</sup> 2023, new sorting instructions have been applicable throughout the territory:

- **Simplification of instructions** allowing all packaging and all paper to be sorted in the sorting bins
- **Modification of collecting methods** during 2023, all waste will be collected in bins to prepare for the change to pricing waste in 2025
- **Encouragement to compost food** and garden waste will continue

You will find the details of the action plan and the new sorting instructions which came into force from January 1<sup>st</sup> 2023 in this guide. We thank you in advance for your cooperation in using these new services and your involvement in meeting this environmental challenge together.

Bernadette Dreux,  
Présidente de la Communauté de communes du Pays de Duras

## Why these changes?

### To respond to an environmental challenge

Reducing waste is a global issue for the preservation of the environment. We produce more and more waste and this has a considerable impact on our environment.

**In the Pays de Duras**, household waste, that is to say the contents of our black bin bags are deposited in the sites at Monflanquin (47) and Lapouyade (33). This represents **275kg a year per inhabitant** kept in special huge storage areas built for this purpose.

However, of these 275kg of buried waste, **almost half can be recovered** if it is composted or sorted.

### Responding to a financial challenge

The cost of collecting and treating rubbish is constantly increasing. For each ton of buried rubbish, the Communauté de communes in its role as rubbish collectors must pay a tax (TGAP, Taxe Générale sur les Activités Polluantes) in addition to the cost of actually burying the rubbish.

In 2019 the TGAP was fixed at €24 a ton. **In 2023**, it rose to **€52 a ton** and will rise to **€65 a ton in 2025!** In total, burying one tonne of rubbish costs €171 which equals a budget of €260,000 to treat more than 1 500 tons a year.

This cost is paid for collectively, that is to say us, through our taxes.



**So we must work together to reduce the volume of our rubbish and preserve our environment**

# How to reduce your waste?

## What is in your rubbish bins?

You can significantly reduce the volume of your rubbish bins by taking the right steps. Glass, paper, packaging and bio-waste **alone represent 60%** of the waste we produce, and they can be sorted separately! Other material such as cardboard, furniture or construction waste have their dedicated areas in the recycling centre.

Some advice on reducing the volume of your dustbins:

## Tips for producing less waste and reducing the volume of your bins



### 01/ REFUSE

anything you don't need: single-use products, advertising leaflets, freebies etc.

Put a Stop Pub on your letter box.

### 02/ REDUCE

Essential purchases should be bought with recycling and food waste in mind. Buy less, choosing products which are refillable or reusable.



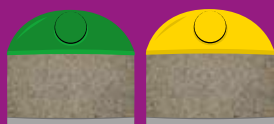
### 03/ REUSE or REPAIR

what you consume and which can have a second life. Choose fabric bags, glass containers etc. Repair your white goods and appliances where possible.



### 04/ RECYCLE

what you want to throw away. Put glass in the glass bins, it can be recycled ad infinitum! Put plastic, cardboard, metal and paper packaging in the yellow sorting bins, they will be recycled.



### 05/ COMPOST

organic waste (peelings, left over meals etc.) and garden waste.



**The best waste is the one we don't produce!**

# All packaging and all paper can be sorted!



• Since 1<sup>st</sup> January, in the Pays de Duras, **all metal, paper, cardboard and plastic packaging** without exception can be placed in the yellow bins.

## ALL PLASTIC PACKAGING

Bottles, cartons, cling film, blister packs, polystyrene trays, cream pots, make up...



## PAPER AND CARDBOARD PACKAGING

Milk cartons, pizza boxes, paper wrapping from the butcher's or fishmonger...



## ALL PAPER

Flyers, newspapers, magazines, books...



## METAL PACKAGING

Cans, aluminum trays, caps, lids, tubes, coffee capsules, blister packs from tablets...



**Only one question to ask yourself: is it packaging? If the answer is **yes**, put it in the yellow bins.**



## You have questions?

### What are the current sorting instructions?

**In the yellow bins:** all metal, paper, cardboard and plastics without exception!

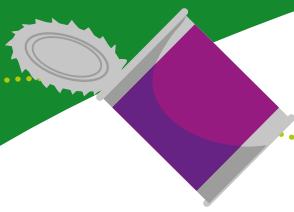
**In the glass bins:** all glass, bottles, pots, glass containers.

### Do you need a badge to use the yellow and glass bins?

No, the yellow and glass bins are **free to use**, only the bins for household rubbish (bin bags) will need a badge to open the drum.

### Do you have to wash packaging before throwing it away?

No, it's not necessary to wash them, just empty them and above all **don't stack them inside one another**.



## ALL PLASTIC, METAL, CARDBOARD AND PAPER PACKAGING

### Paper, cardboard packaging



### Metal packaging



### Plastic packaging



**+** **NEW**



Empty it, don't wash it and place it loose in the yellow sorting column.  
Don't bag it!



Find all the information  
on "Guide du Tri" application



## We have the answers

### Where does my rubbish go?

After collection, your rubbish from the sorted bins goes to the transfer station at Miramont de Guyenne (under construction until September). Then they are sent to the **departmental centre** at Damazan to be sorted according to material and then recycled.

### Can we now throw all plastic objects in the yellow bins?

**Definitely not!** Only packaging can be thrown into the yellow bins. Plastic objects (toys, garden furniture etc.) must be taken to the recycling centre (for reuse, second life, recycling).





# New methods for collecting household waste

## ...➤ The method for collecting black bags is changing

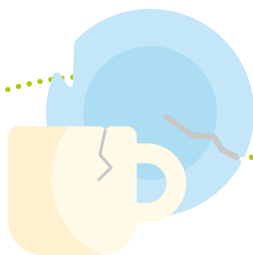
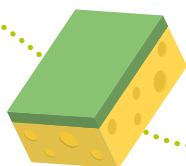
From the second half of 2023, black bin bags must be put in the **new household waste bins**.

Each household waste bin is equipped with an opening system with a drum which **can hold a 50 litre bag**. It opens using the same **badge** as you have for the recycling centre (déchetterie).

There are 26 rubbish collection places in our area, and at least one household rubbish bin in each one.



You can find the locations, called **points d'apport volontaires (PAV)** at your Mairie, at the Communauté de communes or on [www.cc-paysdeduras.fr](http://www.cc-paysdeduras.fr)



Our objective

30%

**less household rubbish between 2023 and 2026**

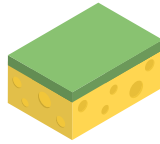
## Some examples of household waste



Disposable masks

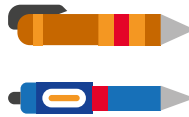


Disposable wipes



Sponges

Pens



Crockery, plates and broken glass



Hoover bags



Disposable nappies



## ... You have questions? We have the answers

### Why change the method of collecting black bags?

This development responds to an environmental and financial objective. A large part of what we throw away could be recovered.

As from today, we must commit to reduce the volume of our black bags.

**Our objective: 30% less household rubbish between 2023 and 2029**

### How do I get my badge for the household waste bins and the recycling centre (déchetterie)?

You have to go to the Communauté de communes, (impasse Francois Laguerre, Duras) with proof of address and ID.

### Do I always have to use the same place to dispose of my rubbish?

**No**, you can use any of the 26 places in our area.

### I'm moving away or moving in. What must I do?

If moving away, **return your badge** to the Communauté de communes, **do not take it with you**, it's their property. To obtain a badge, call at the office.



# Fairer waste pricing

## from 2025

These measures aim to prepare for the change to charging for waste disposal. The **“incentive household waste collection tax” known as TEOMi** will replace the current TEOM in 2026. The costs of collection and management of household waste will then be calculated according to the waste produced.

## How will this work?

01

Each household has a badge for use in the rubbish bins in the area. (Same badge as for the déchetterie)

BADGE

02

The bin is opened by using your badge.

03

The data from the bins is sent to Communauté de communes IT system.

04

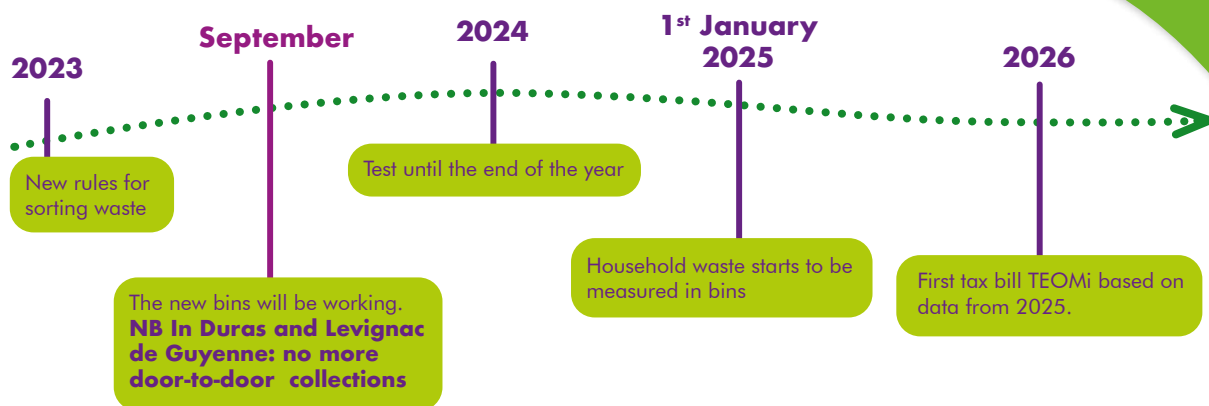
That information is sent to the Trésor Public and will be included to calculate your TEOMi.

2023 and 2024 are test years. The data will actually be counted from 2025 and calculated for your TEOMi for inclusion in your taxe foncière.





## Timeline for the project



## You have questions? We have the answers



### What does the new waste pricing consist of?

Today, everyone pays their TEOM waste bill through our tax foncière. But it does not take in account each person's involvement in reducing waste and sorting. Future pricing through TEOMi will incentivise us and be fairer as it takes into account each household's waste. When you reduce your waste by composting and sorting, you control how much you pay.

### How is the new waste pricing calculated?

As for water and electricity, the Communauté de communes installs a meter in the bins to measure everyone's use of the service. **This is the number of times you drop off the black bin bags.** The new tarif is part continuation of the present TEOM, which is reduced and covers your use of the yellow bins for recycling. The rest of your bill is entirely dependent on how many black bin bags you put in the household waste bins.

### When will this apply?

**2023 and 2024 are test years.** The system is in place and working but TEOM will still be applied. This period allows for the testing of the system and any adjustments necessary. It will also give you time to get used to the new system and reduce your household waste.

**Counting the number of times you use the bins begins in 2025,** you will receive your first bill including the new tax in 2026.

### What use is the test year?

2023 and 2024 will be used to establish the scale of charges for the TEOMi part of your bill.

### I am a professional: how am I going to be billed for the new charges?

- If you are a professional subject to the Redevance Spéciale you will pay the Redevance Spéciale according to your individual case and the quantity of household rubbish you produce.
- If you are not subject to the **Redevance Spéciale** you will pay the same as private individuals.

For more information apply to the Communauté de communes.



# We can reduce our waste by composting

Composting is a very effective natural solution for reducing waste (on average 30% of the contents of a black bag is made up of compostable waste). In our rural area it is a practice which can easily be implemented.

Since 2019 Le Pays de Duras has been resolutely committed to sorting bio-waste in households. Now let's go even further with:

- The distribution of individual composters in training centres
- Use of collective composters for those who do not have a garden
- The installation of composters in establishments.

**30%**  
of rubbish bags is made up  
of compostable material, i.e. an  
average of 60kg per inhabitant

**Compost kits**, composing of a composter, bio bucket and a practical guide are available from the Communauté de communes (impasse Francois Laguerre in Duras) and at the déchetterie (lieu dit Navarre in Duras)

**Two types are available:**

- **Plastic** composter 300 litres : €20
- **Wooden** composter 300 litres : €30

The environmental service of the Communauté de communes expanded in 2021 with the appointment of a waste management and prevention manager. This role is to **promote the use of composting in particular**.



## ...➔ Recipe for good compost

**50% green matter:**  
peelings from fruit and vegetables, left over food, egg shells, tea and coffee

**50% brown matter:**  
dead leaves, twigs, used paper towels and napkins, newspaper, cardboard etc.

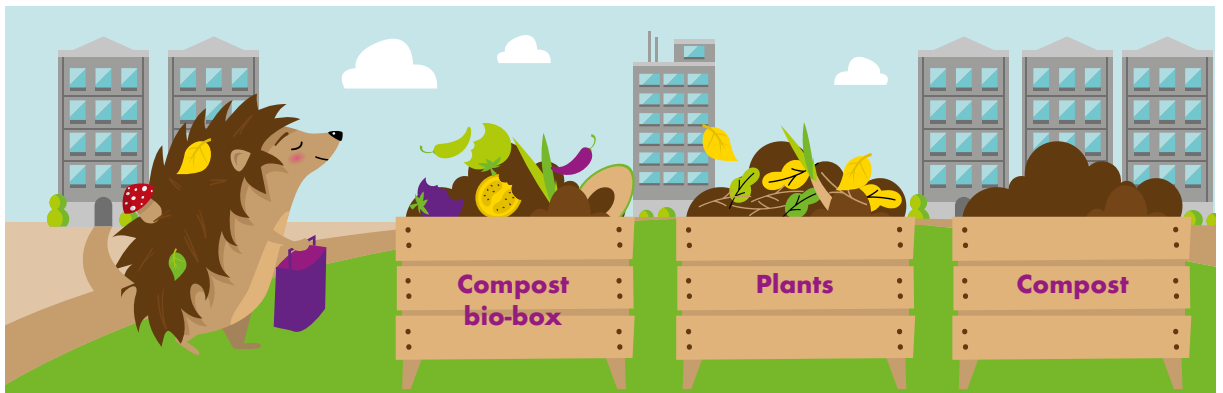




## ••➤ No garden at home?

Check with your commune or the Communauté de communes to find out where your nearest collective composters are.

Want to become involved? You can become a composting representative after one day's training at the Communauté de communes.



## •••➤ Recycle your other waste at the déchetterie (recycling centre)

For all your waste which will not go into a black bag, the yellow bins or the composter, there is the déchetterie.

**Déchetterie du Pays de Duras**  
Lieu dit Navarre 47120 Duras  
05 53 94 29 11.

Don't forget your badge to gain entry, if you haven't got one, ask at the Communauté de communes.

**Opening hours :** from monday to friday from 1pm to 5pm and saturday from 9am to 5pm.



Metals



Rubble



Electrical devices



Hazardous wastes



Green waste



Buried waste



Boxes



Reusable objects



Battery



Ink cartridge



Bulbs



Clothes



Motor oils



Wood



Furniture

# Would you like to know more? Have you any questions?



Go onto our internet site:

[www.cc-paysdeduras.fr](http://www.cc-paysdeduras.fr)

> Vivre en Pays de Duras > Tri et gestion des déchets

**The service for the prevention of waste  
at the Communauté de communes also remains at  
your disposal:**



By phone: 05 53 83 78 65



By email: [gestiondechets-paysdeduras@orange.fr](mailto:gestiondechets-paysdeduras@orange.fr)



At our office: 3 impasse François Laguerre in Duras  
from monday to friday, from 8.30am to 5pm.



Communauté de communes du Pays de Duras

